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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/736,323 12/		/15/2000	Anders Lundqvist	027557-077	8967
27045	7590	11/21/2006		EXAM	INER
ERICSSON		7	FOX, BRYAN J		
6300 LEGACY DRIVE M/S EVR C11			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PLANO, TX	75024			2617	

DATE MAILED: 11/21/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/736,323	LUNDQVIST ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Bryan J. Fox	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versilure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNI 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Section</u>	eptember 2006.	•				
,-	action is non-final.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1,3-6,11,14-17,22 and 27-29 is/are pe	ending in the application.	,				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.	·				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1,3-6,11,14-17,22 and 27-29</u> is/are re	ejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	·				
Application Papers	·					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	Kammer, Note the attache	d Office Action of form F 10-132.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau	s have been received. Is have been received in a nity documents have been	Application No				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	received.				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on September 8, 2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1, 3, 5, 6, 11, 14, 16, 17, 22 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Choi (US006295452B1) in view of Barnett et al (US005509051A).

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Regarding claim 1. Choi discloses a system that supports soft handoff between mobile switching stations in a mobile communication system (see column 5, lines 26-51), which reads on the claimed, "mobile cellular telecommunications network employing macro-diversity, wherein a mobile station can establish a plurality of simultaneous radio links with a plurality of digital cells in the network." The network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "means for dividing the plurality of digital cells of the network into a plurality of groups, said plurality of groups including: a first groups of geographically related digital cells, wherein the mobile station has an established radio link with at least one digital cell in the first group; and a second group of geographically related digital cells which do not overlay or underlay the first group of cells, wherein the mobile station does not have an established radio link with any of the digital cells in the second group." Choi fails to expressly disclose increasing the probability that the mobile station will establish a macro-diversity link with a digital cell in the first geographical area rather than a digital cell in the second geographical area including different link quality thresholds.

In a similar field of endeavor, Barnett et al disclose a system where each cell has a configured cell measurement class where neighboring cells are included in a selected measurement list in accordance with operating criteria of the serving cell and the classification of the respective neighboring cell and prior to sorting the handoff candidate cells, one or more signal strength increments are added to the normalized neighboring cell's RF signal strength measurement. The number of signal strength

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increments added to the normalized neighboring cells is computed by subtracting the neighboring cells priority level from the maximum priority level and multiplying the difference by the dBm assigned to each priority block level (see column 6, line 50 – column 7, line 22), which reads on the claimed, "means for increasing the probability that the mobile station will establish a macro-diversity link with a digital cell in the first geographical area rather than a digital cell in the second geographical area, said means for increasing the probability including: means for establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the first group upon meeting a first link quality threshold; and means for establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the second group only upon meeting a second link quality threshold that is greater than the first link quality threshold."

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Choi with Barnett et al to include the above prioritization with different thresholds in order to delays and system congestion as suggested by Barnett et al (see column 1, line 48 – column 2, line 4).

Regarding claim 27, Choi discloses a system that supports soft handoff between mobile switching stations in a mobile communication system (see column 5, lines 26-51), which reads on the claimed, "mobile cellular telecommunications network employing macro-diversity, wherein a mobile station can establish a plurality of simultaneous radio links with a plurality of digital cells in the network." The network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "means for

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dividing the plurality of digital cells of the network into a plurality of groups, said plurality of groups including: a first group of digital cells controlled by a first radio network controllers, wherein the mobile station has an established radio link with at least one digital cell in the first group; and a second group of cells controlled by a second radio network controller which do not overlay or underlay the first group of cells, wherein the mobile station does not have an established radio link with any of the digital cells in the second group." Choi fails to expressly disclose increasing the probability that the mobile station will establish a macro-diversity link with a digital cell in the first geographical area rather than a digital cell in the second geographical area including different link quality thresholds.

In a similar field of endeavor, Barnett et al disclose a system where each cell has a configured cell measurement class where neighboring cells are included in a selected measurement list in accordance with operating criteria of the serving cell and the classification of the respective neighboring cell and prior to sorting the handoff candidate cells, one or more signal strength increments are added to the normalized neighboring cell's RF signal strength measurement. The number of signal strength increments added to the normalized neighboring cells is computed by subtracting the neighboring cells priority level from the maximum priority level and multiplying the difference by the dBm assigned to each priority block level (see column 6, line 50 – column 7, line 22), which reads on the claimed, "means for increasing the probability that the mobile station will establish a macro-diversity link with a digital cell in the first geographical area rather than a digital cell in the second geographical area, said means

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for increasing the probability including: means for establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the first group upon meeting a first link quality threshold; and means for establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the second group only upon meeting a second link quality threshold that is greater than the first link quality threshold."

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Choi with Barnett et al to include the above prioritization with different thresholds in order to delays and system congestion as suggested by Barnett et al (see column 1, line 48 – column 2, line 4).

Regarding claim 28, Choi discloses a system that supports soft handoff between mobile switching stations in a mobile communication system (see column 5, lines 26-51), which reads on the claimed, "method of establishing macro-diversity radio links in a mobile cellular telecommunications network, wherein a mobile station can establish a plurality of simultaneous radio links with a plurality of digital cells in the network." The network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "dividing the plurality of digital cells of the network into a plurality of groups, said plurality of groups including: a first groups of geographically related digital cells, wherein the mobile station has an established radio link with at least one digital cell in the first group; and a second group of geographically related digital cells which do not overlay or underlay the first group of cells, wherein the mobile station does not have an established radio link with any of the digital cells in the second group." Choi fails to

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expressly disclose increasing the probability that the mobile station will establish a macro-diversity link with a digital cell in the first geographical area rather than a digital cell in the second geographical area including different link quality thresholds.

In a similar field of endeavor, Barnett et al disclose a system where each cell has a configured cell measurement class where neighboring cells are included in a selected measurement list in accordance with operating criteria of the serving cell and the classification of the respective neighboring cell and prior to sorting the handoff candidate cells, one or more signal strength increments are added to the normalized neighboring cell's RF signal strength measurement. The number of signal strength increments added to the normalized neighboring cells is computed by subtracting the neighboring cells priority level from the maximum priority level and multiplying the difference by the dBm assigned to each priority block level (see column 6, line 50 column 7, line 22), which reads on the claimed, "controlling the selection of macrodiversity cells to increase the probability that the mobile station will establish a macrodiversity link with a digital cell in the first group of digital cells rather than a digital cell in the second group, said controlling step including: establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the first group upon meeting a first link quality threshold; and establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the second group only upon meeting a second link quality threshold that is greater than the first link quality threshold."

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Choi with Barnett et al to include the above prioritization with

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different thresholds in order to delays and system congestion as suggested by Barnett et al (see column 1, line 48 – column 2, line 4).

Regarding claim 29. Choi discloses a system that supports soft handoff between mobile switching stations in a mobile communication system (see column 5, lines 26-51), which reads on the claimed, "method of establishing macro-diversity radio links in a mobile cellular telecommunications network, wherein a mobile station can establish a plurality of simultaneous radio links with a plurality of digital cells in the network." The network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "dividing the plurality of digital cells of the network into a plurality of groups, said plurality of groups including: a first group digital cells controlled by a first radio network controller, wherein the mobile station has an established radio link with at least one digital cell in the first group; and a second group of digital cells controlled by a second radio network controller, wherein the second group of digital cells does not overlay or underlay the first group of cells, and the mobile station does not have an established radio link with any of the digital cells in the second group." Choi fails to expressly disclose increasing the probability that the mobile station will establish a macro-diversity link with a digital cell in the first geographical area rather than a digital cell in the second geographical area including different link quality thresholds.

In a similar field of endeavor, Barnett et al disclose a system where each cell has a configured cell measurement class where neighboring cells are included in a selected measurement list in accordance with operating criteria of the serving cell and the

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classification of the respective neighboring cell and prior to sorting the handoff candidate cells, one or more signal strength increments are added to the normalized neighboring cell's RF signal strength measurement. The number of signal strength increments added to the normalized neighboring cells is computed by subtracting the neighboring cells priority level from the maximum priority level and multiplying the difference by the dBm assigned to each priority block level (see column 6, line 50 – column 7, line 22), which reads on the claimed, "controlling the selection of macrodiversity cells to increase the probability that the mobile station will establish a macrodiversity link with a digital cell in the first group of digital cells rather than a digital cell in the second group, said controlling step including: establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the first group upon meeting a first link quality threshold; and establishing the macro-diversity radio link between the mobile station and the digital cell in the second group only upon meeting a second link quality threshold that is greater than the first link quality threshold."

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Choi with Barnett et al to include the above prioritization with different thresholds in order to delays and system congestion as suggested by Barnett et al (see column 1, line 48 – column 2, line 4).

Regarding claim 3, as applied to claim 1 above, the combination of Choi and Barnett discloses the quality levels are signal strengths (see Barnett et al column 6, line 50 – column 7, line 22), which reads on the claimed, "the first and second link quality thresholds are required signal quality levels."

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Regarding claim 5, as applied to claim 1 above, the combination of Choi and Barnett et al discloses the network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see Choi column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "a plurality of layers of groups are defined, such that each digital cell is in one group within each layer."

Regarding claim 6, disclose the network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see Choi column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "digital cells associated with one base station are considered to be in the same group."

Regarding claim 11, the combination of Choi and Barnett et al discloses the respective mobile switching stations are provided with a center code division multiplexing access inter network (see column 6, lines 18-42), which reads on the claimed, "the network is a Code Division Multiple Access Network."

Regarding claim 14, as applied to claim 28 above, the combination of Choi and Barnett discloses the quality levels are signal strengths (see Barnett et al column 6, line 50 – column 7, line 22), which reads on the claimed, "the first and second link quality thresholds are required signal quality levels."

Regarding claim 16, as applied to claim 28 above, the combination of Choi and Barnett et al discloses the network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see Choi column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "a plurality of layers of groups are defined, such that each digital cell is in one group within each layer."

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Regarding claim 17, the combination of Choi and Barnett et al discloses the network includes a plurality of base station controllers, switching stations, and base stations (see Choi column 5, lines 26-51 and figures 3 and 4), which reads on the claimed, "digital cells associated with one base station are considered to be in the same group."

Regarding claim 22, the combination of Choi and Barnett et al discloses the respective mobile switching stations are provided with a center code division multiplexing access inter network (see column 6, lines 18-42), which reads on the claimed, "the network is a Code Division Multiple Access Network."

Claims 4 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Choi in view of Barnett et al as applied to claims 1 and 28 above, and further in view of Achour et al (WO 01/03464).

Regarding claims 4 and 15, the combination of Choi and Barnett et al fails to disclose the quality threshold relates to a longer time period for which a required signal quality level is satisfied.

In a similar field of endeavor, Achour discloses a threshold for a certain amount of time (see e.g. figure 5), which reads on the claimed, "the quality threshold relates to a longer time period for which a required signals quality level is satisfied."

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the combination of Choi and Barnett et al with Achour et al to include the above threshold in conjunction with a time period in order to increase the Art Unit: 2617

performance of wireless communication devices located near the edge of a cell as suggested by Achour et al (see column 1, lines 32-50).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3-6, 11, 14-17, 22 and 27-29 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bryan J. Fox whose telephone number is (571) 272-7908. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Feild can be reached on (571) 272-4090. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

CHARLES APPIAH PRIMARY EXAMINER

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Bryan Fox November 15, 2006